

CONTACT NEMS

DRY SKIN CARE 皮膚乾燥

聯絡東北: (415) 391-9686 (650) 550-3923 (408) 573-9686 WWW.NEMS.ORG

Dry skin is common. The skin loses moisture and may crack and peel, or become irritated and inflamed.

WHAT CAUSES DRY SKIN?

- Skin disease: Eczema, Psoriasis
- Harsh soaps
- Excessive skin washing
- Increased age
- Not drinking enough water



Here are some tips to keep skin moisturized:

- "3-minute rule": the best time to moisturize is within three minutes after bath/shower.
- Moisturizing creams / ointments work better than lotions.
 - Choose "fragrance-free" or "unscented" skin products.
 - Choose thick creams. Here are some examples:
 - o Cetaphil
 - o Eucerin
 - o Aquaphor
- Use lukewarm water. If the water is too hot or cold, it may further dry the skin.
- Use skin cleanser instead of traditional soap.
- Consider using a humidifier in the bedroom.
- If your doctor prescribed ointments or creams, put those on before applying moisturizers.

Other things to try:

- Keep hydrated.
- Wear clothes made of cotton, or other breathable fabrics. Avoid itchy wool and coarse fabrics.



WHEN TO SEE THE DOCTOR

- Severe dry skin that is cracking, peeling, swelling, red, bleeding, pus, or drainage.
- Rash that does not improve in 1-2 weeks.
- New rash that appears with any of the following:
 - o Fever
 - o Swollen lips, swollen tongue
 - Breathing trouble
 - Blistering
 - Bruising or purplish spots

Sources:

- National Institute on Aging
- American Academy of Dermatology

請注意,此信息並不是用作診斷健康問題或用作取代專業醫護人員的意見。若您根據此信息作出任何決定,東北醫療中心不會就此承擔任何責任。 Please note that this information is not intended to diagnose health problems or to replace the advice of a health care professional. North East Medical Services disclaims any liability for the decisions you make based on this information.



CONTACT NEMS

DRY SKIN CARE 皮膚乾燥

(415) 391-9686

(650) 550-3923 (408) 573-9686 WWW.

WWW.NEMS.ORG

皮膚乾燥十分常見。皮膚會失去水分, 裂開, 剝落, 或受刺激發炎。

聯絡東北:

甚麼導致皮膚乾燥?

- 皮膚疾病: 濕疹, 牛皮癬
- 使用刺激性的肥皂
- 過度的清洗皮膚
- 年紀增長
- 沒有補充足夠的水分

預防和治療

以下是一些保持皮膚滋潤的提示:

- "三分鐘規則"使用潤膚霜最佳時間是淋浴後三分鐘內塗上潤膚霜。
- 潤膚乳霜和軟膏比乳液效果更好。
 - 選擇 "不含香料"或"無味"的護 膚產品
 - 選擇濃的乳霜。以下是一些例子:
 - o Cetaphil
 - o Eucerin
 - o Aquaphor
- 用溫水。水溫過熱或過冷都可能會令皮膚 乾燥更加嚴重。
- 使用潔膚液代替傳統的肥皂。
- 可以在睡房內使用加濕器。
- 如果您的醫生開了處方藥膏,先塗上醫生開 給您的藥膏,再塗潤膚霜。

其他可嘗試的方法:

- 避免身體脫水。
- 穿棉質或可透氣面料的衣物。避免會令皮膚發癢的羊毛或粗面料的衣物。



何時向醫生求助

- 嚴重的皮膚乾裂, 脫皮, 腫脹, 發紅, 出血, 發膿, 流膿。
- 在一至兩星期内,皮疹沒有改善。
- 新的皮疹伴隨以下症狀:
 - o 發燒
 - 。 嘴唇和舌頭腫脹
 - o 呼吸困難
 - o 起泡
 - o 瘀青或紫色斑點

資料來源:

- National Institute on Aging
- American Academy of Dermatology

請注意,此信息並不是用作診斷健康問題或用作取代專業醫護人員的意見。若您根據此信息作出任何決定,東北醫療中心不會就此承擔任何責任。 Please note that this information is not intended to diagnose health problems or to replace the advice of a health care professional. North East Medical Services disclaims any liability for the decisions you make based on this information.